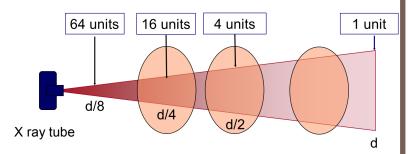
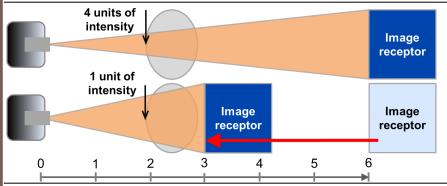
10 Pearls: Radiation protection of patients in fluoroscopy

1. Maximize distance between the X ray tube and the patient to the extent possible



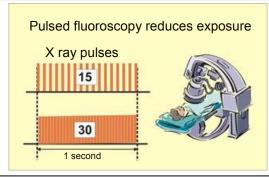


2. Minimize distance between the patient and the image receptor

3. Minimize fluoroscopy time

Keep records of fluoroscopy time and DAP/KAP (if available) for every patient

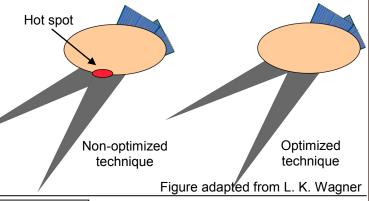




4. Use pulsed fluoroscopy with the lowest frame rate possible to obtain images of acceptable quality

5. Avoid exposing the same area of the skin in different projections

Vary the beam entrance port by rotating the tube around the patient





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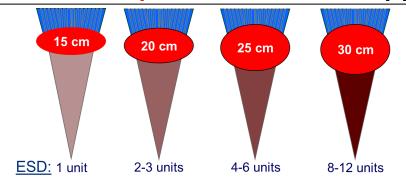
http://rpop.iaea.org/RPOP/RPoP/Content/Documents/ Whitepapers/poster-staff-radiation-protection.pdf

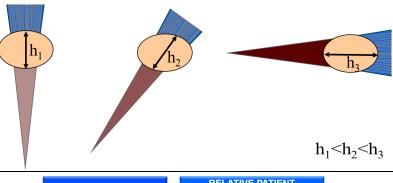
http://rpop.iaea.org

Page 1 of 2 Fluoroscopy Patient Radiation Protection

10 Pearls: Radiation protection of patients in fluoroscopy

6. Larger patients or thicker body parts trigger an increase in entrance surface dose (ESD)





7. Oblique projections also increase ESD

Be aware that increased ESD increases the probability of skin injury

INTENSIFIER Field-of-view (FOV)	RELATIVE PATIENT ENTRANCE DOSE RATE FOR SOME UNITS	
12" (32 cm)	100	8. Avoid the use of magnification
9" (22 cm)	177	Decreasing the field of view by a factor of two increases dose rate by a
6" (16 cm)	400	factor of four
4.5" (11 cm)	711	

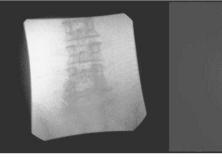
9. Minimize number of frames and cine runs to clinically acceptable level

Avoid using the acquisition mode for fluoroscopy

Cine dose rate ≈ (10-60) × normal fluoroscopy dose rate



Documentation should be performed with last image hold whenever possible and not with cine images





10. Use collimation

Collimate the X ray beam to the area of interest



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Page 2 of 2 Fluoroscopy Patient Radiation Protection